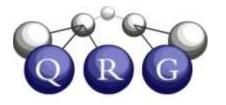
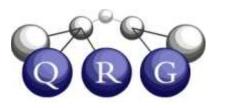
Visual Processing in CogSketch





Some Preliminaries

- Visual versus Spatial relationships:
 - Visual relationships: Computed over glyphs.
 - Spatial relationships: Hold between what is denoted by the glyphs
 - Visual relationships + genre + pose → Spatial relationships
- Our visual computations are inspired by psychological evidence when available
 - Best guesses otherwise
 - We expect it to continue to evolve



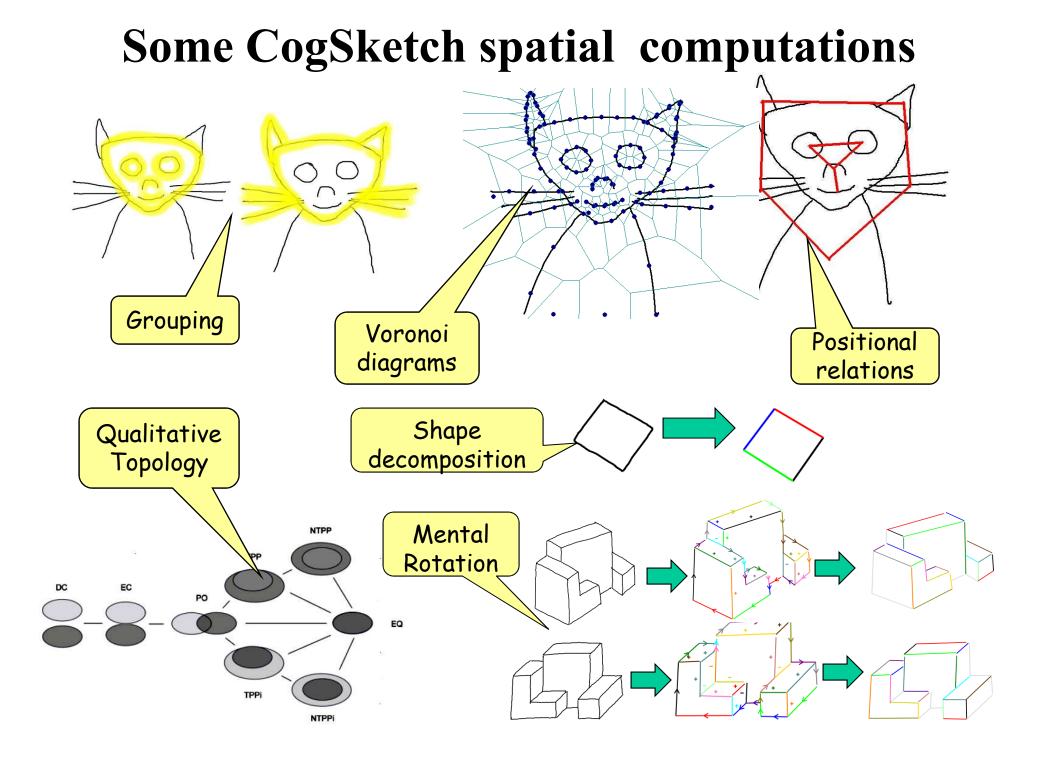


Glyphs

- Glyphs have two parts: Ink and Content
- Content = the entity represented by the glyph
 Instance of some collection in the KB
- Ink = visual representation of the content

- Fred
- Consists of all of the ink drawn between button presses
- Visual properties are computed on the ink
 - Only coarse visual properties computed automatically
 - Bounding box
 - Closed contour (ink needn't be connected)
 - Major/minor axes
 - Small set of visual relationships between glyphs
 - Segmentation, other visual relationships computed on demand (e.g., perceptual sketchpad)





Qualitative Spatial Reasoning

- <u>Claim</u>: Symbolic vocabularies of shape and space are central to human visual thinking (cf. Forbus 1980; Forbus, Ferguson & Usher 2001)
 - They are computed by our visual system

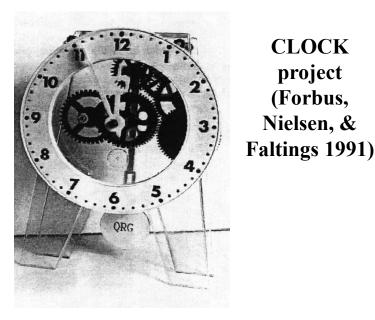
CLOCK

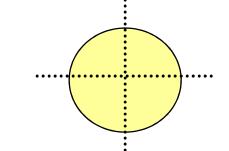
project

(Forbus,

Nielsen. &

- Their organization reflects task-specific conceptual distinctions and conventional symbol systems as well as visual distinctions
- They provide the bridge between conceptual and visual representations





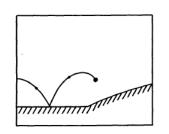
Spatial categories affect location judgments (Huttenlocher & Hedges)

Spatial language affects retrieval (Gentner & Feist, 2001)

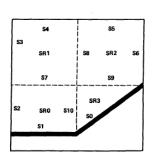


Metric Diagram/Place Vocabulary model

- Metric Diagram: Quantitative, visual representations and processing
- Place Vocabulary: Task-specific qualitative representations of shape and space, grounded in the metric diagram



FROB (Forbus, 1980)

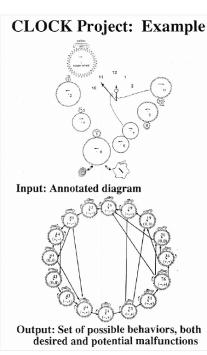


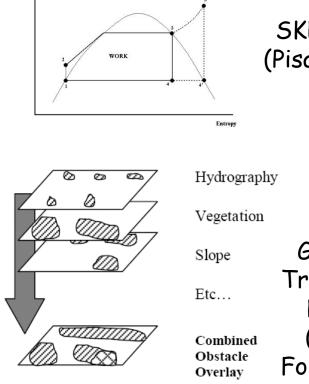
REGION 0 aft: SEGMENT 2 ight: SEGMENT 10 ip: SEGMENT 7 lown: SEGMENT 1 isss: SREGION

EGMENT 1 p: SREGION 0 onnecting region: SREGION 0 less: SURFACE

SEGMENT 2 right: SREGION0 left: SPATIUM-INCOGNITO connecting-region: SREGION0 class: BORDER

> GMENT 10 t: SREGION 0 ht: SREGION3 ss: FREE

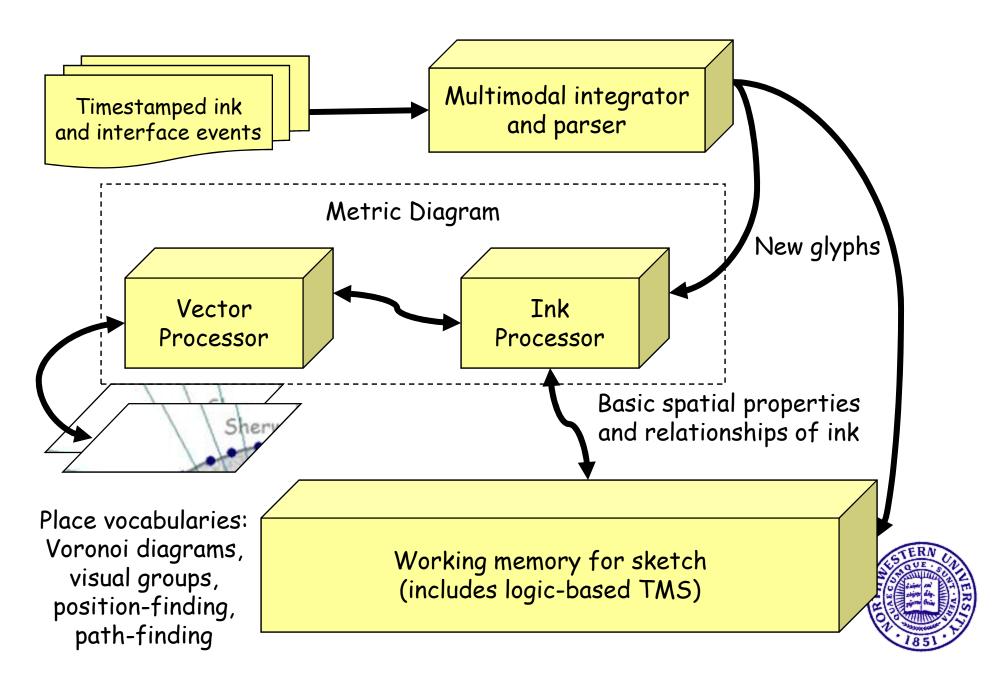




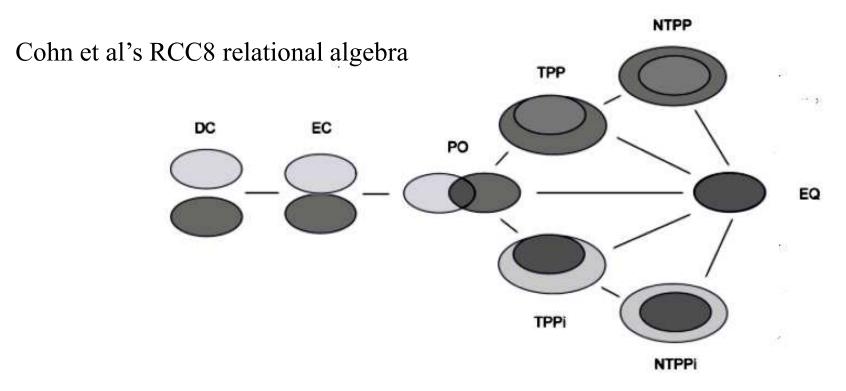
SKETCHY (Pisan, 1994)

GIS-based Trafficability Reasoner (Donlon & Forbus, 1999)

Spatial Reasoning in CogSketch



Qualitative Topology



- Provides natural vocabulary for some visual concepts
 - Containment: NTPP, TPP
 - Touching: PO, EC



Using RCC8

- Compute relationships directly from ink
 - Transitivity algebra unnecessary
 - Need to be clever about noise
- Computed between every pair of glyphs on a layer
 - Incrementally updated when a glyph is moved or resized
 - Only computed across layers on demand
- Internal uses
 - Controlling computation of other relations
 - Positional relations not computed unless RCC8-DC
 - Direct inference of domain relations, depending on nature of contents (e.g., touching & containment)

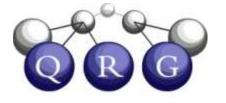




Contained Glyph Groups

- When more than one glyph is NTTPi, TPPi of some other glyph
 - Single-level, groups can be found recursively
- (ContainedGlyphGroupFn
 - (GlyphFn Object-9 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1) (TheList (GlyphFn Object-15 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1) (GlyphFn Object-16 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1) (GlyphFn Object-19 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1) (GlyphFn Object-20 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1)))





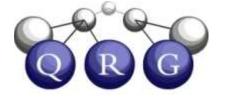


Connected Glyph Groups

- Set of glyphs connected via EC or PO
- (ConnectedGlyphGroupFn
 - (TheList (GlyphFn Object-10 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1)
 - (GlyphFn Object-11 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1)
 - (GlyphFn Object-12 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1)
 - (GlyphFn Object-21 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1)
 - (GlyphFn Object-22 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1)

(GlyphFn Object-9 User-Drawn-Sketch-Layer-1)))

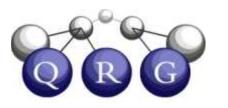






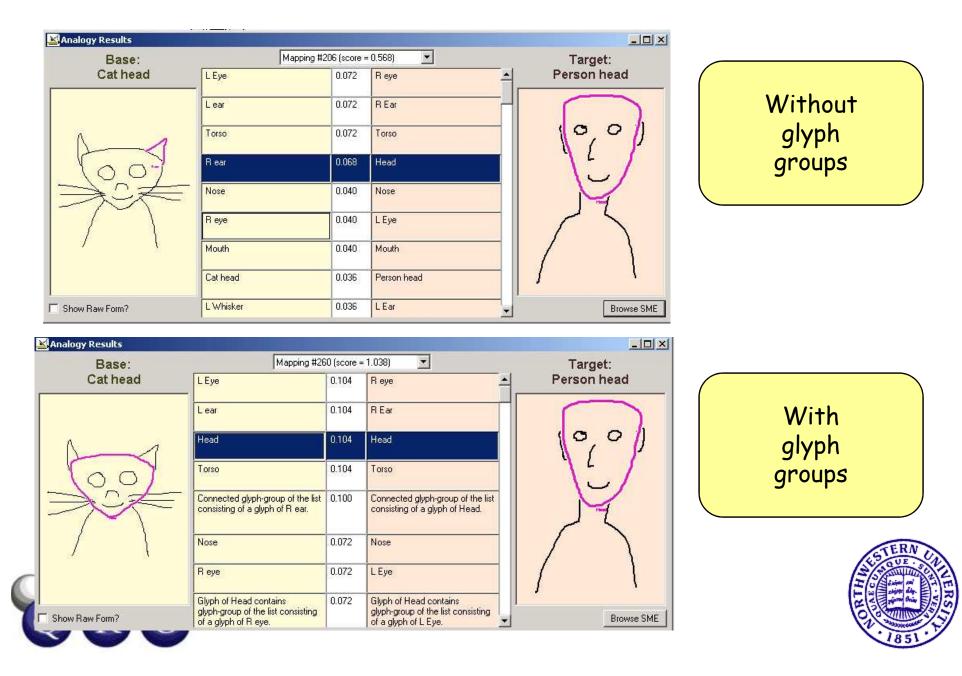
Computing Glyph Groups

- Connection graph: Nodes = glyphs, Edges between all pairs that are EC or PO
 - Connected Glyph Groups = connected subsets of connection graph
- Containment graph: Nodes = glyphs, Edges between all pairs that are TPPi or NTPPi.
 - Contained glyph groups = All glyphs with more than one glyph inside of them, only counting directly inside glyphs
- Incrementally maintained as sketch updated

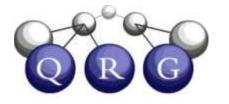




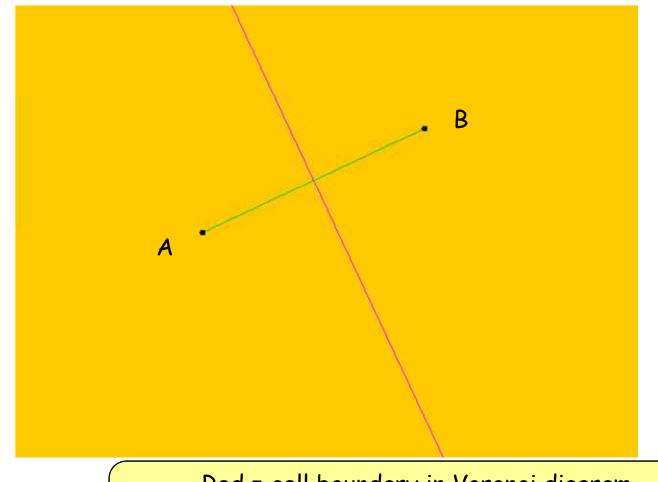
Glyph Groups Can Help Matching







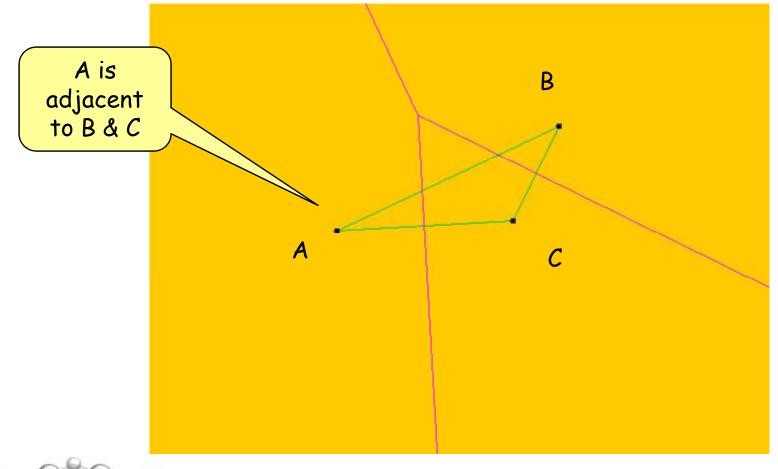


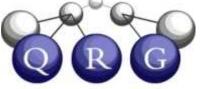




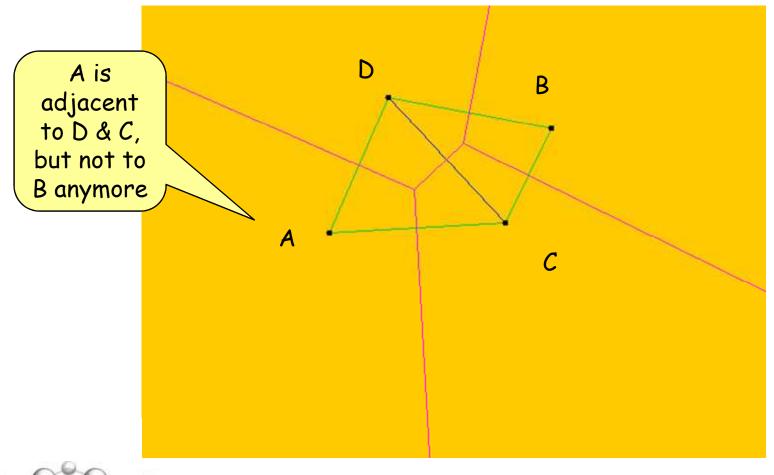
Red = cell boundary in Voronoi diagram Green = arc in Delaunay triangulation Voronoi diagrams and Delaunay triangulations are duals

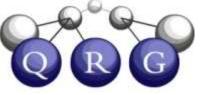










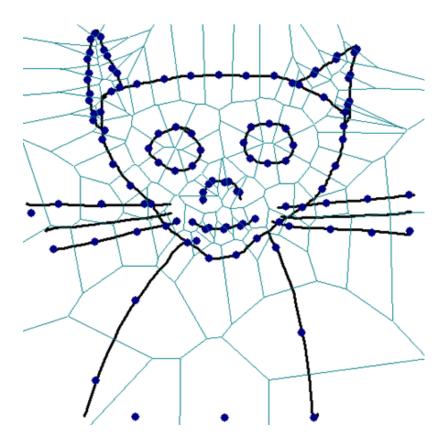


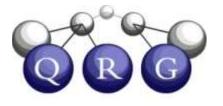
Edwards & Moulin (1998) argue that Voronoi diagrams are useful for capturing visual adjacency



Voronoi Relationships

- Voronoi diagram = edges that are equidistant from a pair of points (called *sites*)
- Provides a notion of adjacency
- Generalizing to glyphs:
 - Use sample points along contour of glyphs to define standard Voronoi (site-level Voronoi)
 - Label edges with glyph membership
 - Define glyph-level relations in terms of site relations
 - E.g., two glyphs are siteAdjacent ⇔∃ samples on glyphs | edgeconnected in site-level Delauney triangulation
- One Voronoi diagram computed per subsketch in CogSketch

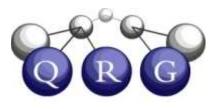






Positional Relations

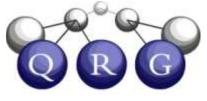
- Provide qualitative position, orientation information with respect to global frame of reference
 - For glyphs, leftOf, rightOf, above, below
 - For contents, depends on genre and viewpoint
 - Physical/side: Same as glyphs
 - Geospatial/TopDown: northOf, southOf, eastOf, westOf
 - Abstract or Discrete: No implications for contents
 - Two versions
 - Take relative sizes into account
 - Use centroid





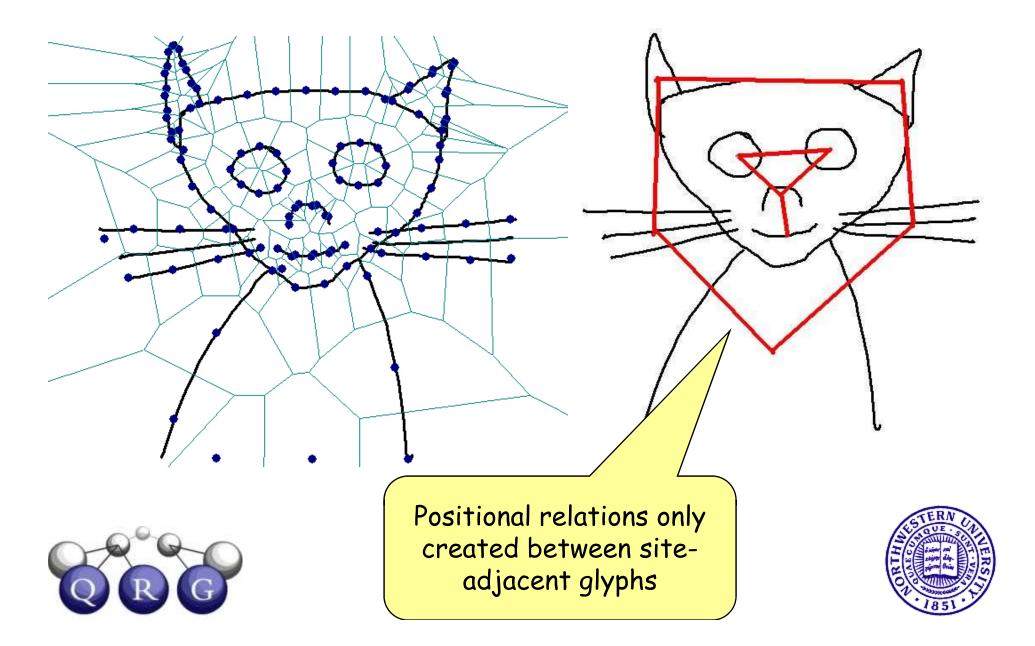
Local Relational Neighborhood Hypothesis

- When to compute positional relations? Between every pair of glyphs on a layer, like RCC8?
 – Bad idea! Loses locality
- Idea: Network of positional relations should provide "framing effect" in visual structure.
- Necessary condition: Glyphs must be siteAdjacent on their subsketch's Voronoi diagram
 - Can also be computed on demand
- Hypothesis: This use of local neighborhood structure corresponds to default encoding method in human sketch perception

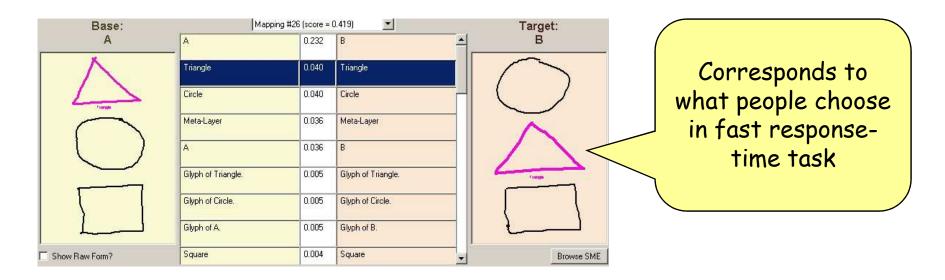


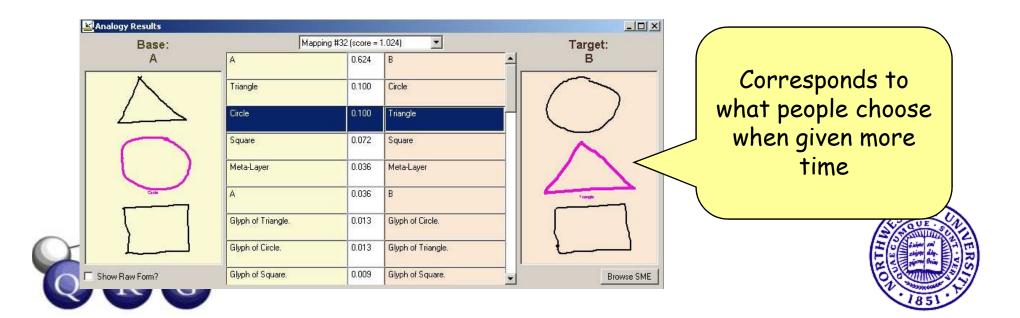


Voronoi adjacency guides positional relation finding

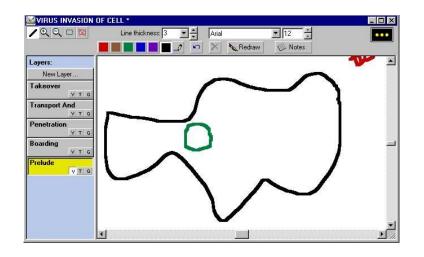


Positional Relations help frame visual structure

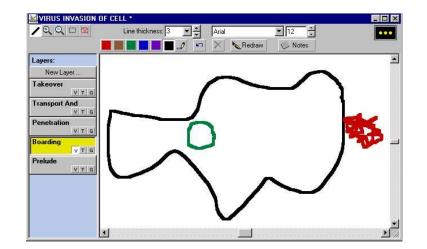




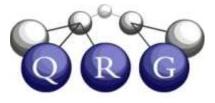
Spatial relations suggest conceptual relations



- Qualitative spatial relationship rcc8-TPP in PhysicalView indicates inRegion
- **inRegion** specializations suggest possible conceptual interpretations
 - Nucleus is part of Cell.
 - Nucleus is found in Cell.



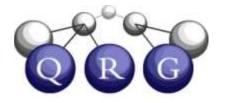
- Qualitative spatial relationship **rcc8-EC** suggestions include
 - Virus is connected to Cell.
 - Virus touches Cell.
 - Virus is adjacent to Cell.
 - Virus covers Cell like hair.
 - ...



World knowledge or linguistic input is often needed to disambiguate conceptual relations

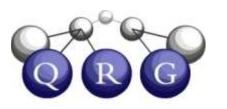


Perceptual Sketchpad



Perceptual Sketchpad Motivation

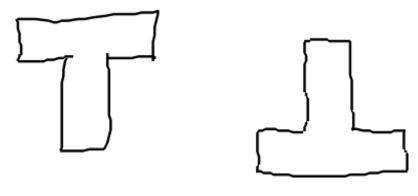
- Facility for experimenting with expressive representation of shapes
 - Decomposing glyphs
 - Within-glyph relationships also important
 - e.g., symmetry
 - Modeling mental rotation
- Still experimental, hence separate subsystem
 - Not all CogSketch users need it
 - As it stabilizes, it will become part of the default CogSketch visual processing

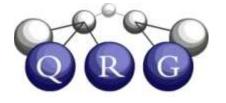




Understanding Form

- Focus is on understanding the form of glyphs
 - Don't recognize a glyph
 - *Do* recognize that two glyphs are the same shape
 - Identify transformations between two glyphs' shapes
 - Scaling
 - Rotation
 - Reflection

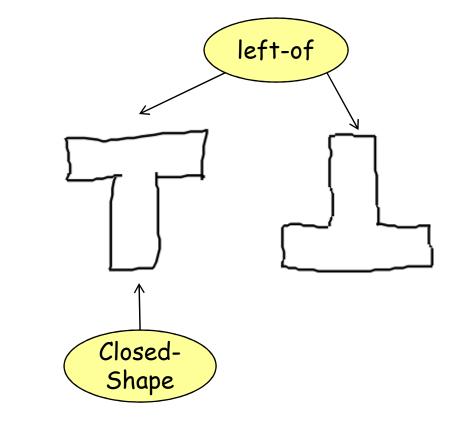


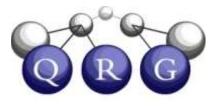




Two Levels of Representational Focus

- 1) Shape Representation
 - Default CogSketch representation level
 - Glyphs are the entities
 - Represent attributes of, relations between glyphs

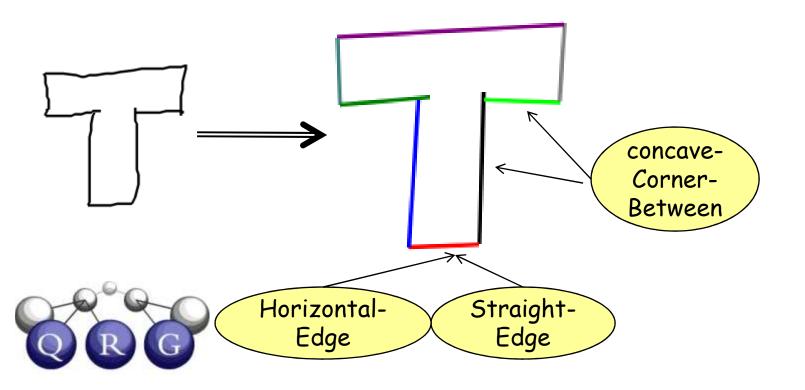






Two Levels of Representational Focus

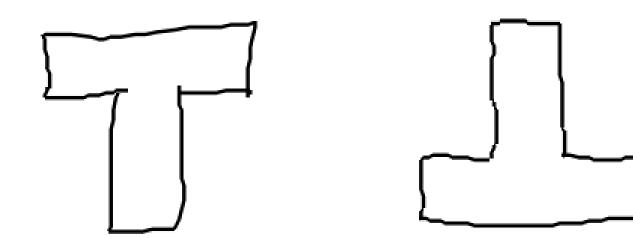
- 2) Edge Representation
 - Glyph is automatically segmented into edges
 - Edges are the entities
 - Represent attributes of, relations between edges within a glyph





Shape Relations

- Compare two glyph's edge representations to find corresponding edges
- 2) Compare orientations of corresponding edges to identify rotations or reflections

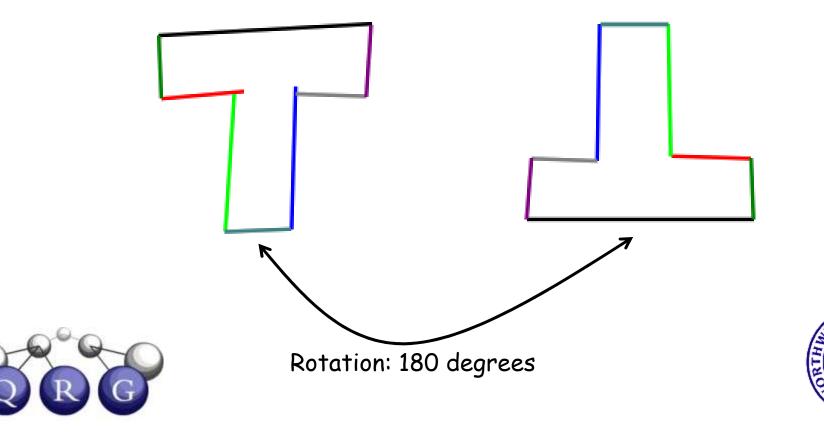






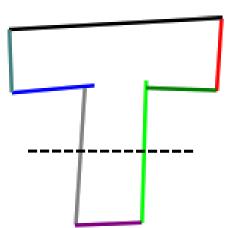
Shape Relations

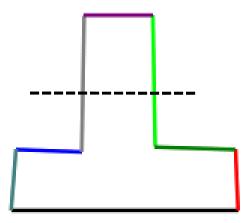
- Compare two glyph's edge representations to find corresponding edges
- 2) Compare orientations of corresponding edges to identify rotations or reflections

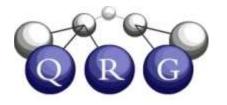


Shape Relations

- Compare two glyph's edge representations to find corresponding edges
- 2) Compare orientations of corresponding edges to identify rotations or reflections







Reflection: X Axis

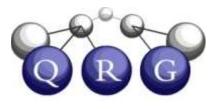


Sampling of Spatial Vocabulary

Shapes

- Relations
 - Relative position
 - Topology (rcc8)
 - Frame-of-reference
 - Shape
 Transformations
 - Same-shape
 - Rotation
 - Reflection
 - Relative Size

- Attributes
 - Fill color
 - Edge color
 - Shape Type
 - Symmetry





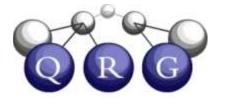
Sampling of Spatial Vocabulary

Edges

- Relations
 - Corners
 - Concave/Convex

- Attributes
 - Straight/Curved
 - Horizontal/Vertical

- Relative orientation
 - Parallel/Perpendicular
- Relative length



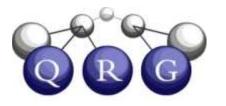


Using the Perceptual Sketchpad

- CogSketch comes with a Perceptual Sketchpad demo
 - Choose "New Perceptual Sketchpad" from the File Menu

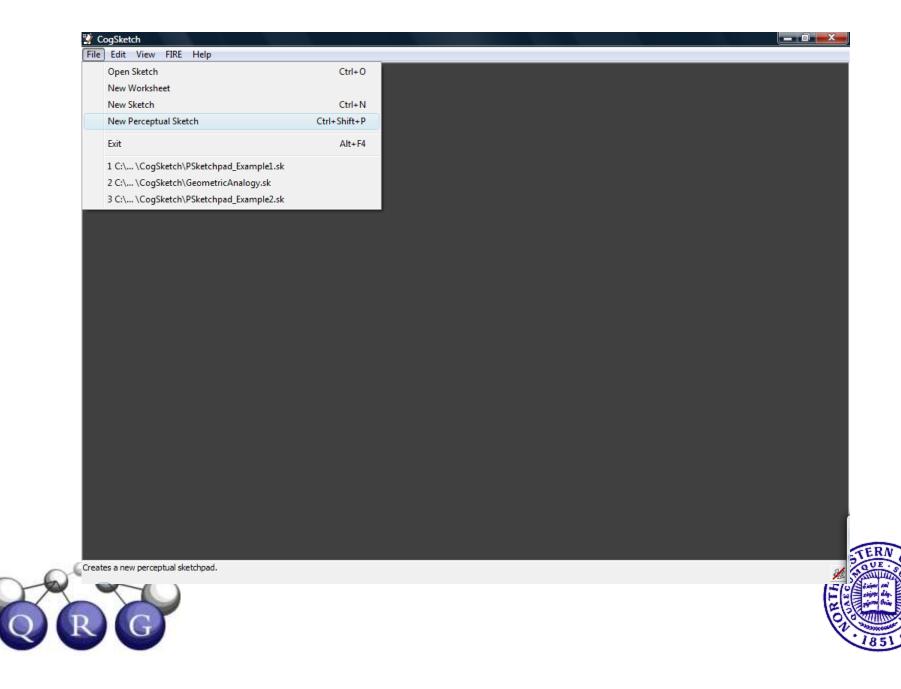
OR

- Open one of the examples from the sketches directory
 - PSketchpad_Example1
 - PSketchpad_Example2

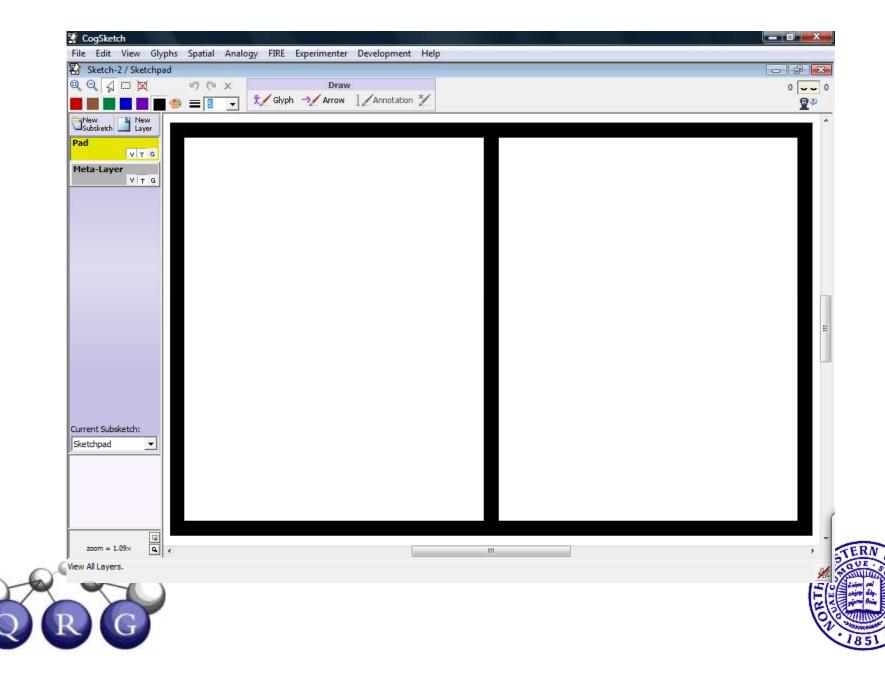


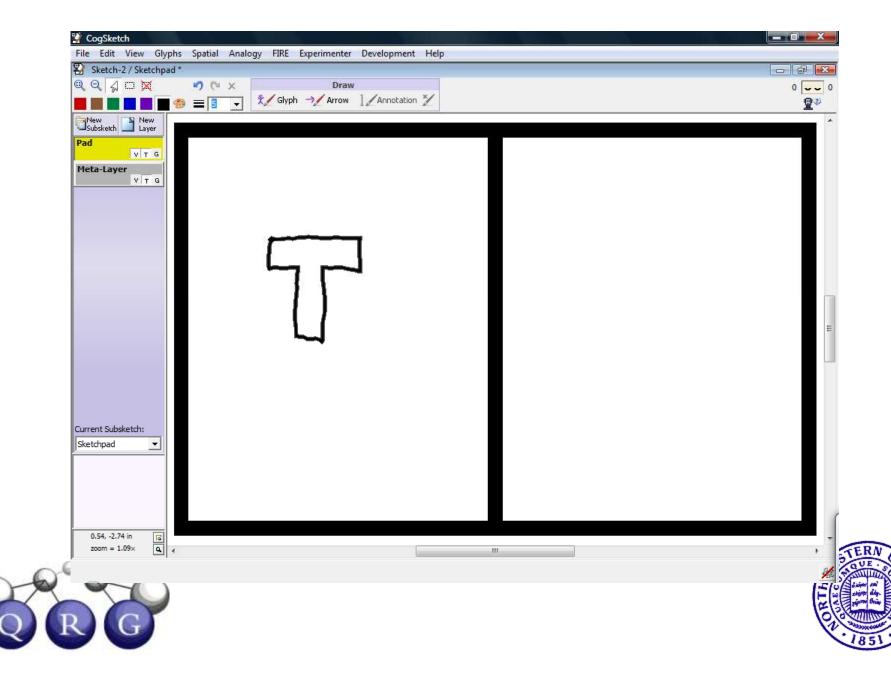


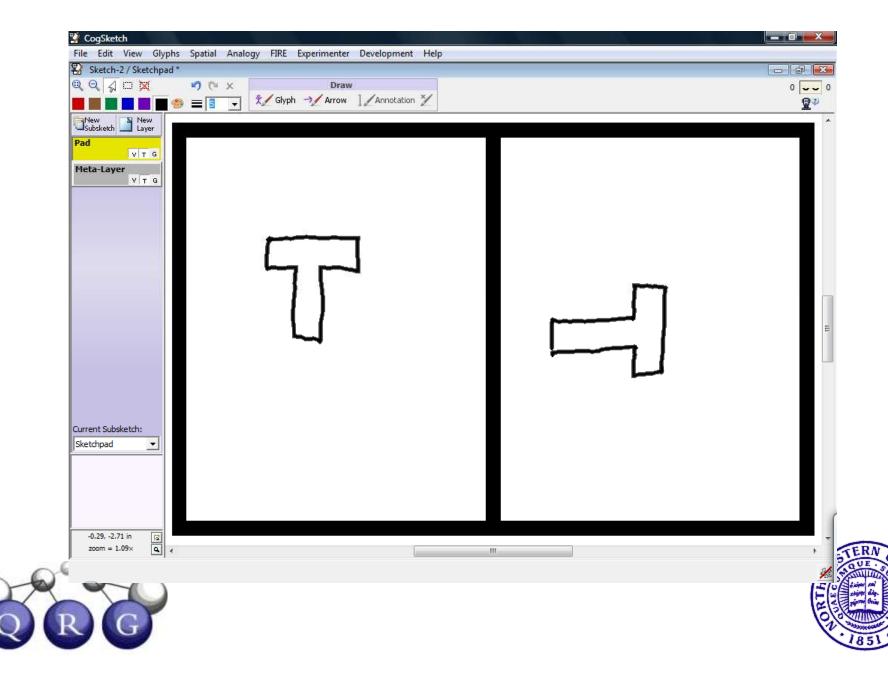
Using the Perceptual Sketchpad

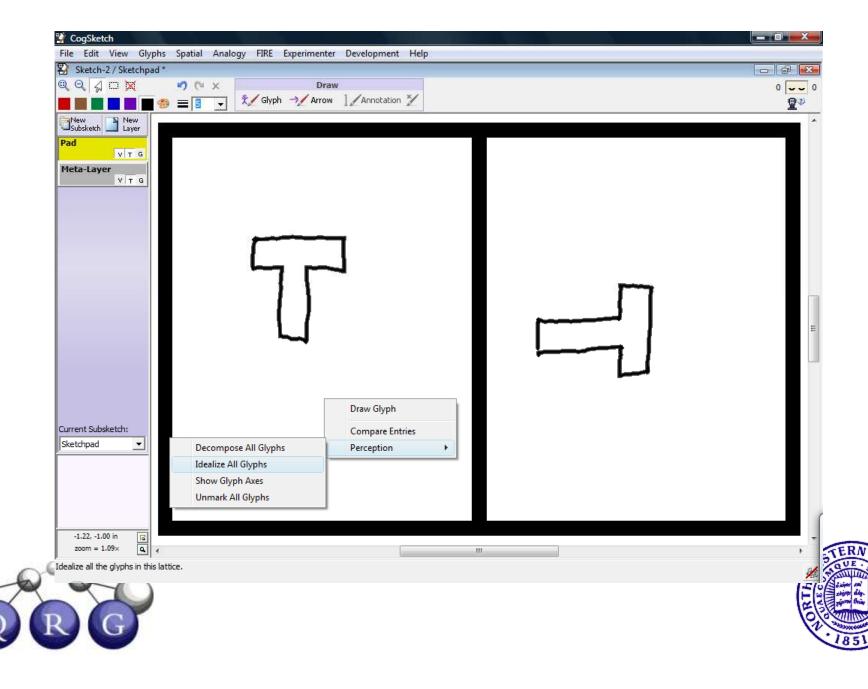


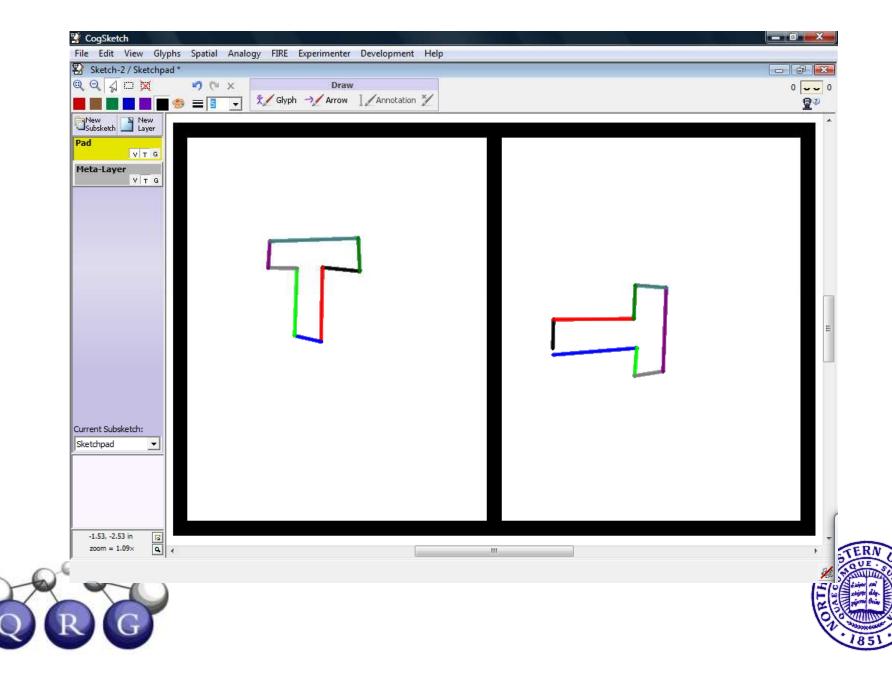
Using the Perceptual Sketchpad

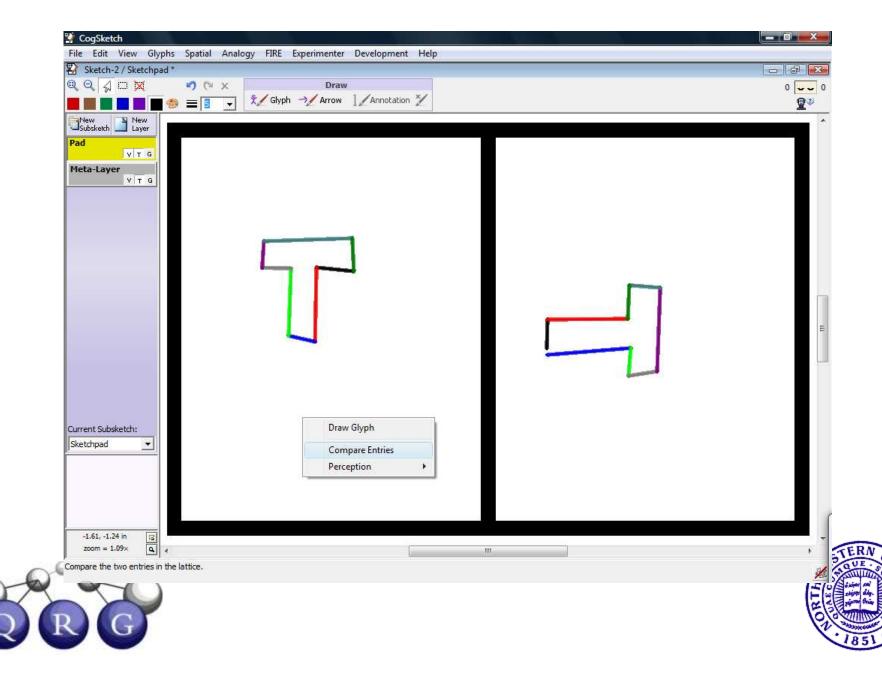


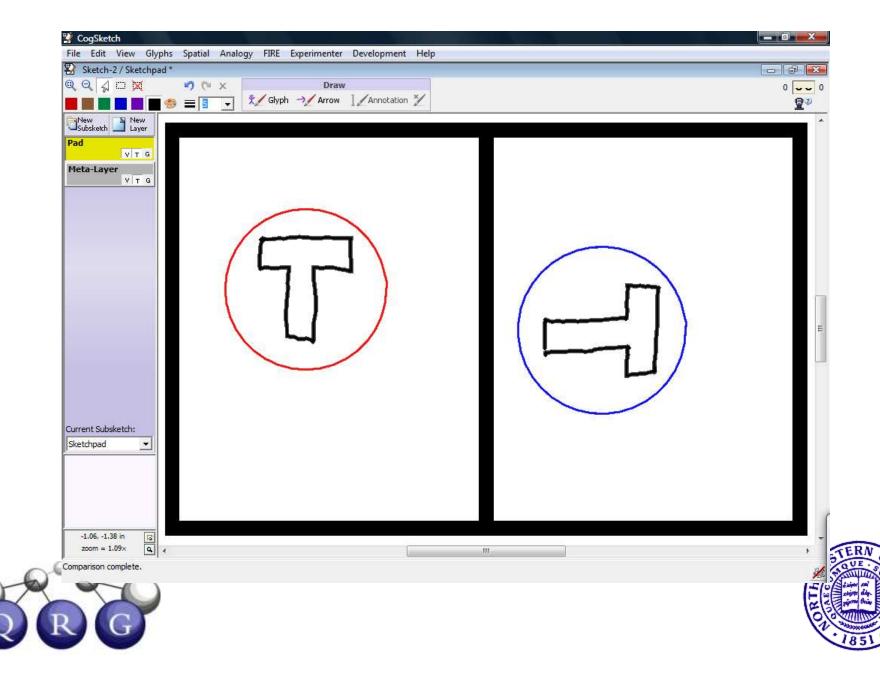


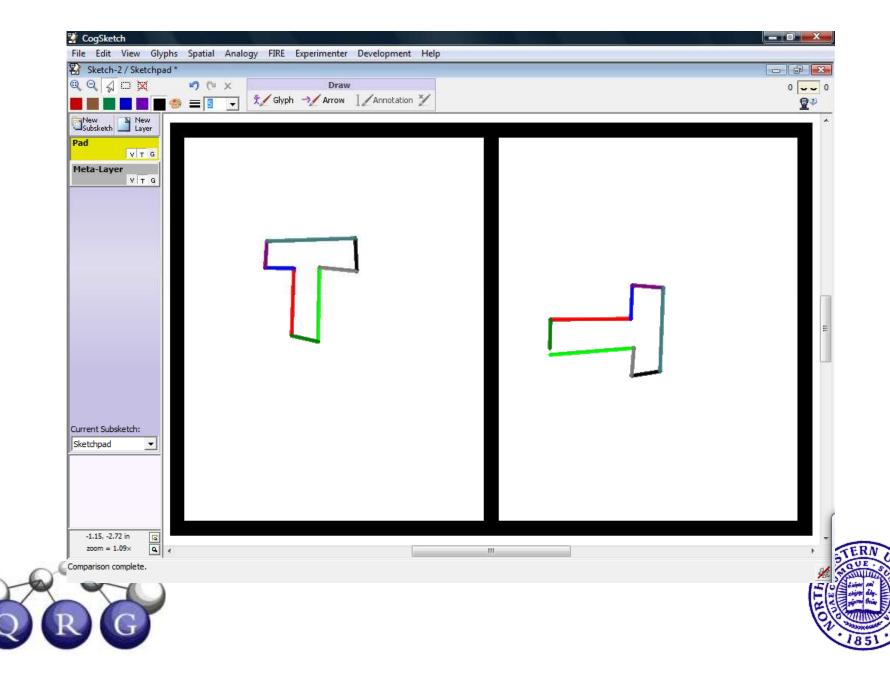


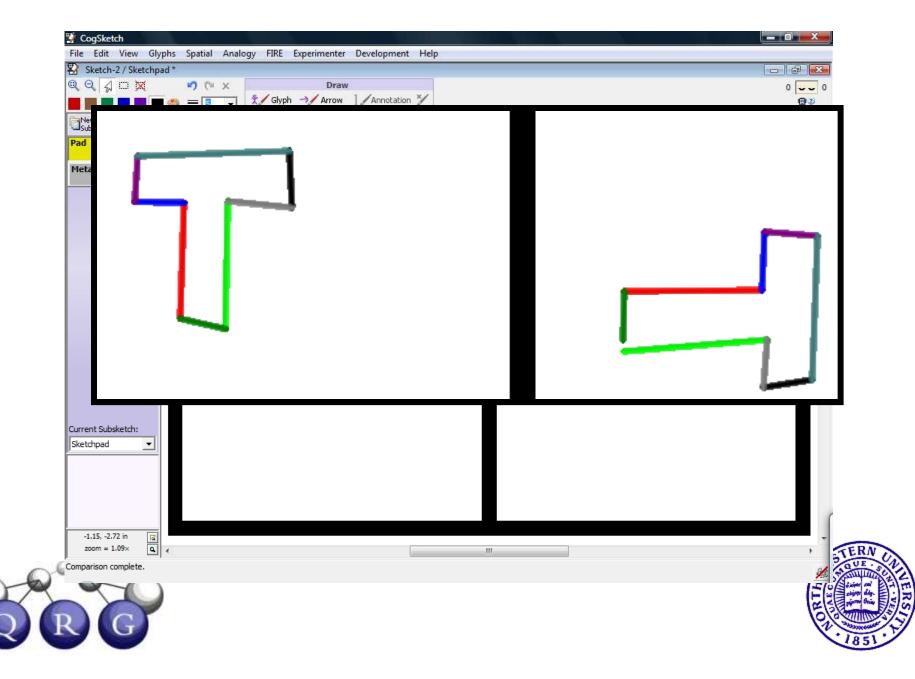


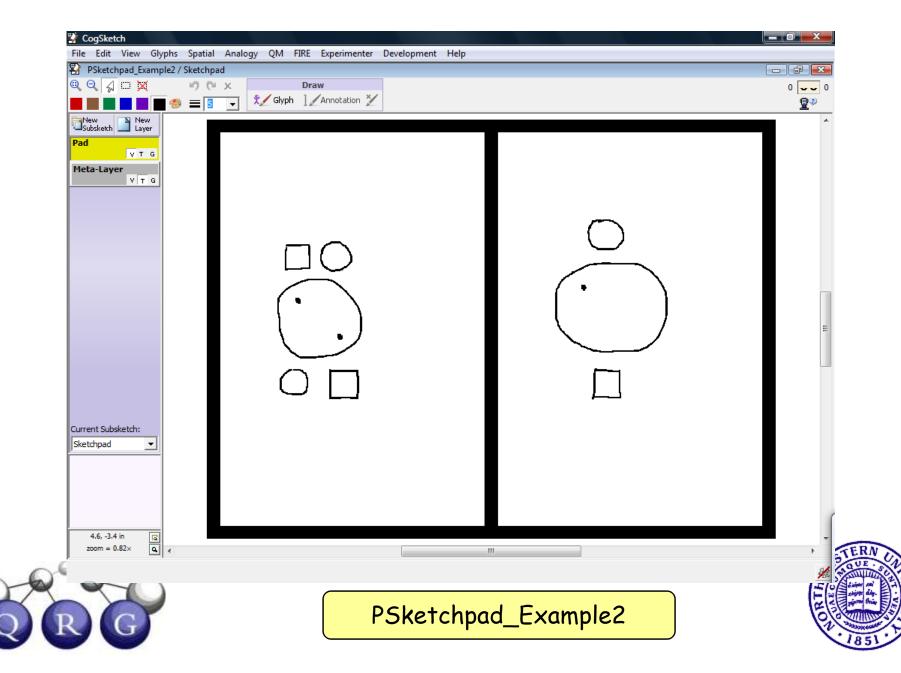


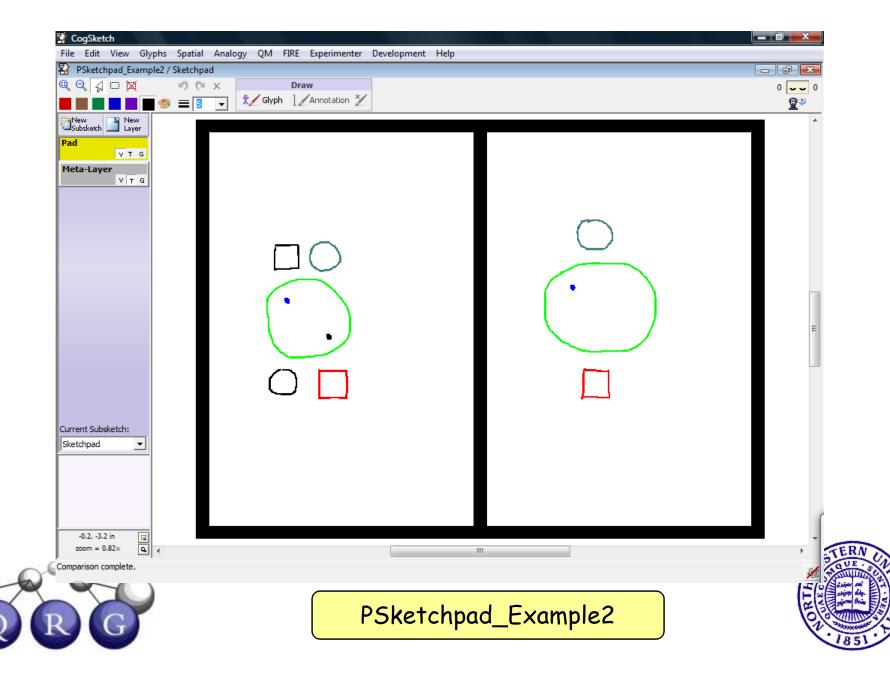


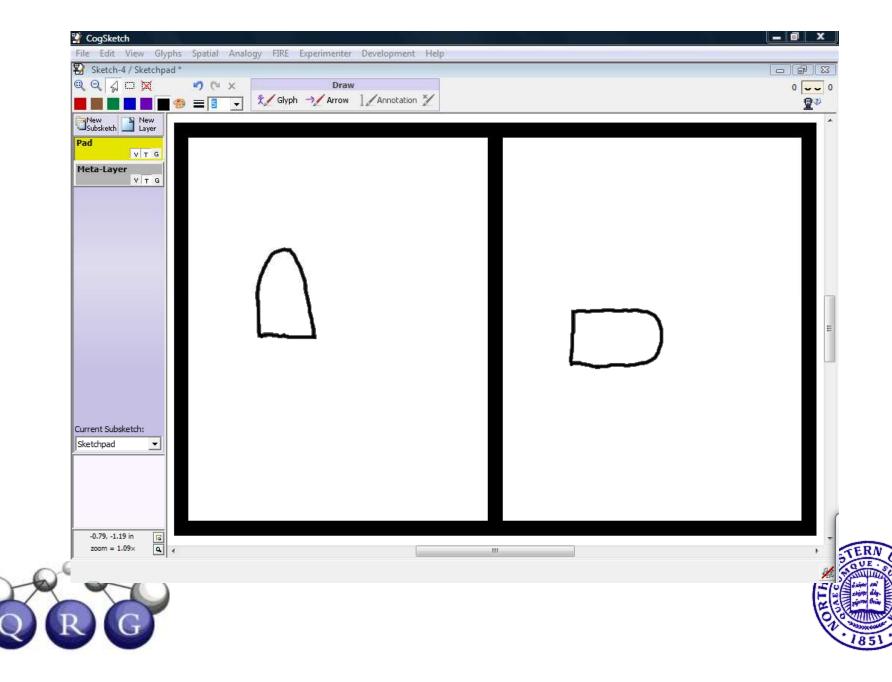


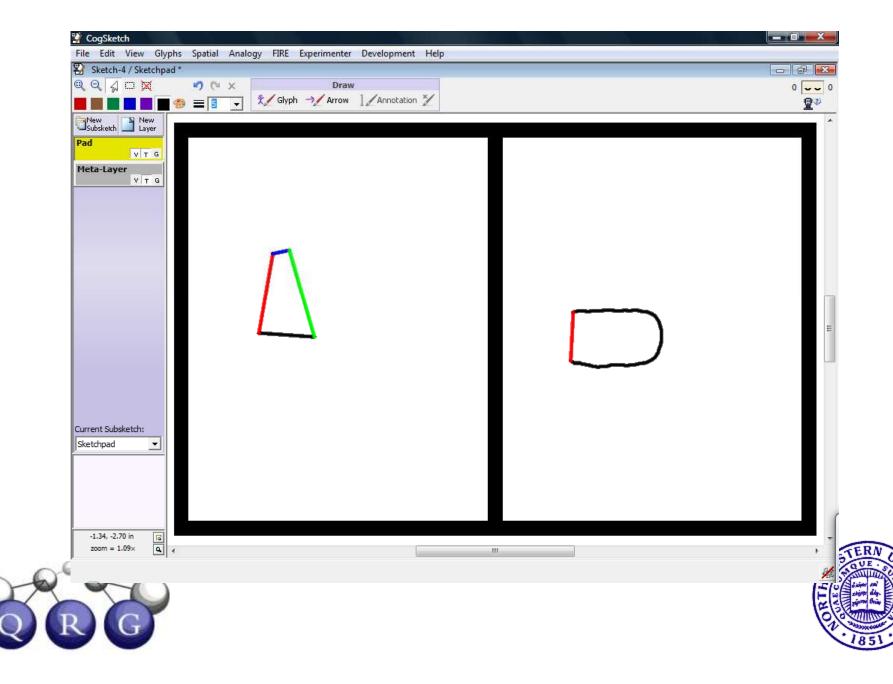


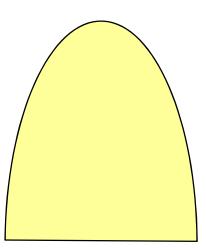


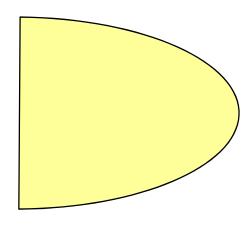


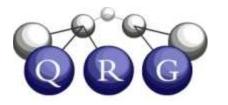




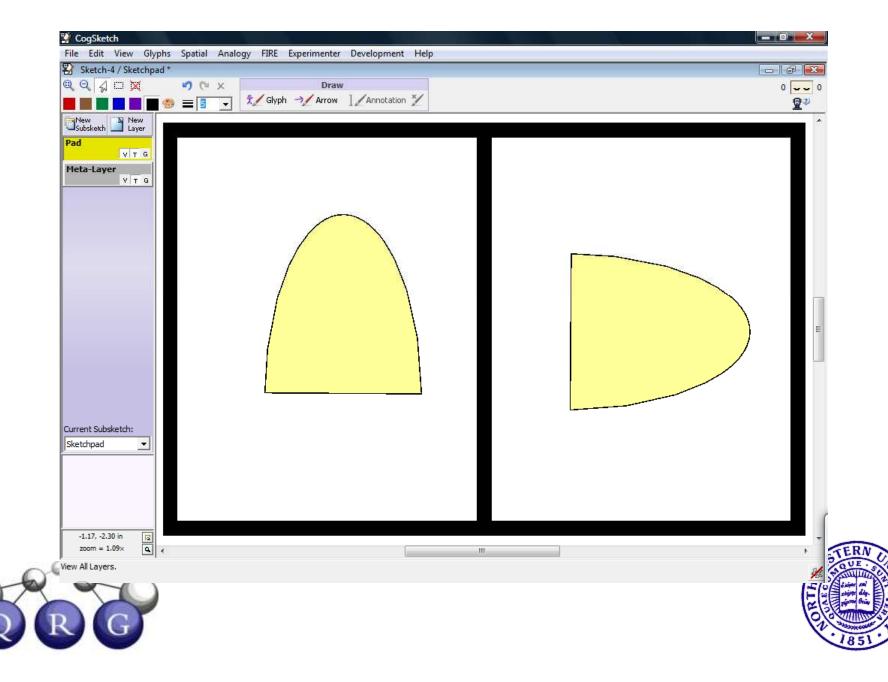


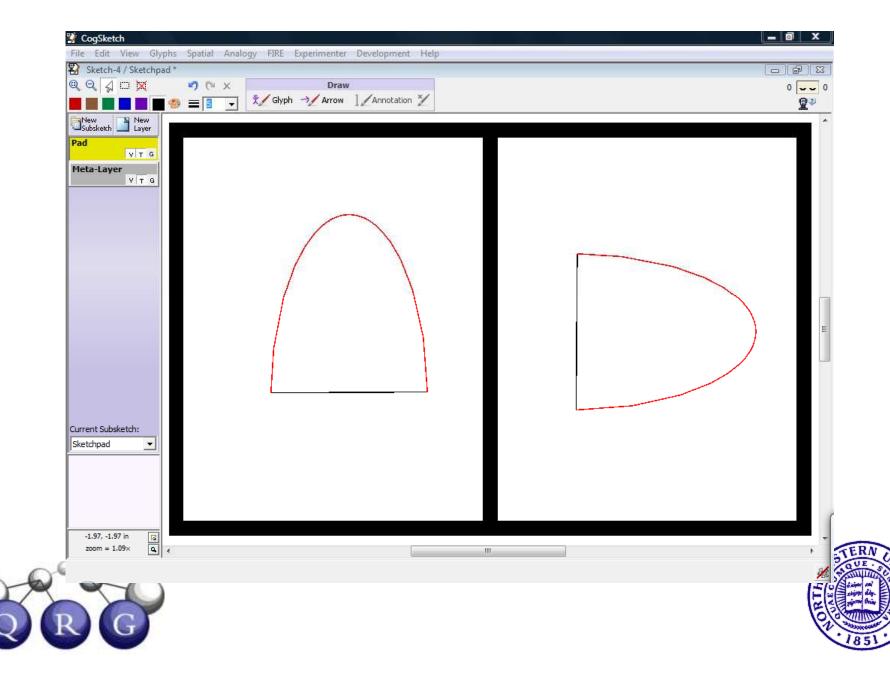




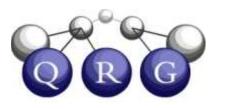








- If there is one glyph in each entry
 - Edge representations will be used
- If there are multiple glyphs
 - Shape representations will be used
- Elements will be color-coded to indicate correspondences
 - Right-click and choose "Unmark all glyphs" to remove colors





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 - Edge representations will be used
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